

Odielib

Making Boring Math Exciting in C

I Think I should write a
numerical package for Tcl



Odielib

- * Collection of Tools, Math Functions, and other Assorted Routines
- * Modular Build system, implemented in Tcl
- * Uses the Practcl Build System from Last Year's Paper
- * Packaged as a Loadable Extension

Trying Odielib

```
package require odielibc
set a {0 1}
set b {1 2 3}
set c [::vector::add $a $b]
{1 3 3}
::vectorxyz::midpoint {} $c
{0.5 1.5 1.5}
```

Trying Odielib

```
package require odielib
set a {0 1}
set b {1 2 3}
set c [::vector::add $a $b]
{1 3 3}

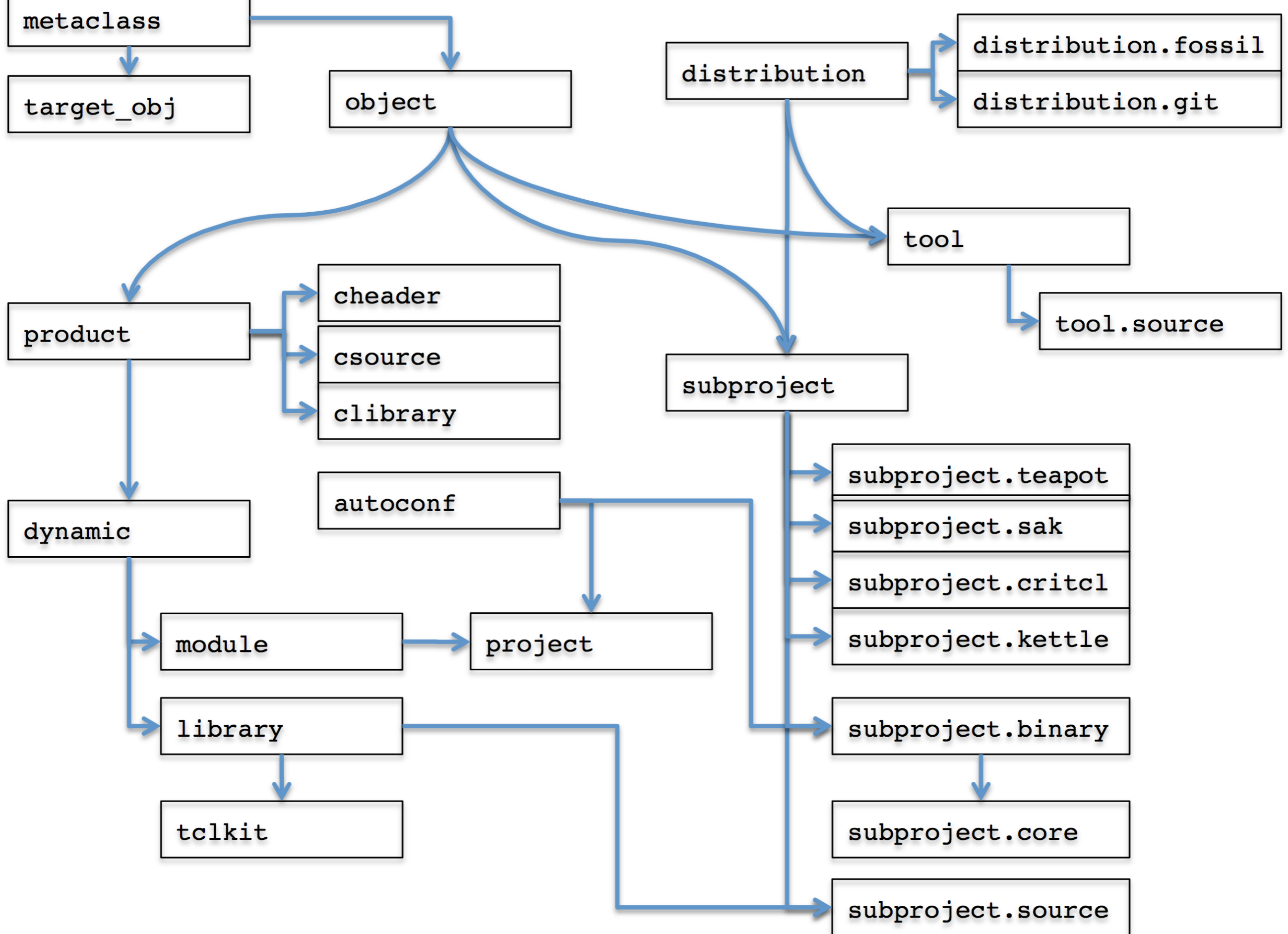
::vectorxyz::midpoint {} $c
{0.5 1.5 1.5}
```

`::vector::add` sizes the output to match the size of the largest input

Arguments to `::vectorxyz` are massaged to be a 3x1 matrix internally. Missing columns are assumed to be zero

The Practel Build System

- * Utilizes A Tcl based build automation
- * Has it's own notation, but...
- * Next version will be able to read Critcl
- * Extends TEA beyond building standalone shared libraries



Practcl Class Hierarchy



We're All Mad Here


```
###  
# A Tcl command in Practcl markup  
###  
my c_tclcmd ::thestate::two_plus_two {  
/*  
The state says it's 5, Winston  
*/  
Tcl_SetObjResult(interp,Tcl_NewIntObj(5));  
return TCL_OK;  
}  
###  
# And back to Tcl  
###
```

A C function in Practcl markup

```
my c_function {  
static inline double Vector_GridScaler(  
    double x,  
    double grid,  
    double grain  
)  
}  
{  
    double q;  
    q=grid*round(x/grid);  
    if((x-q)>grain) {  
        q+=grain;  
    }  
    return q;  
}
```

A C function in Practcl markup

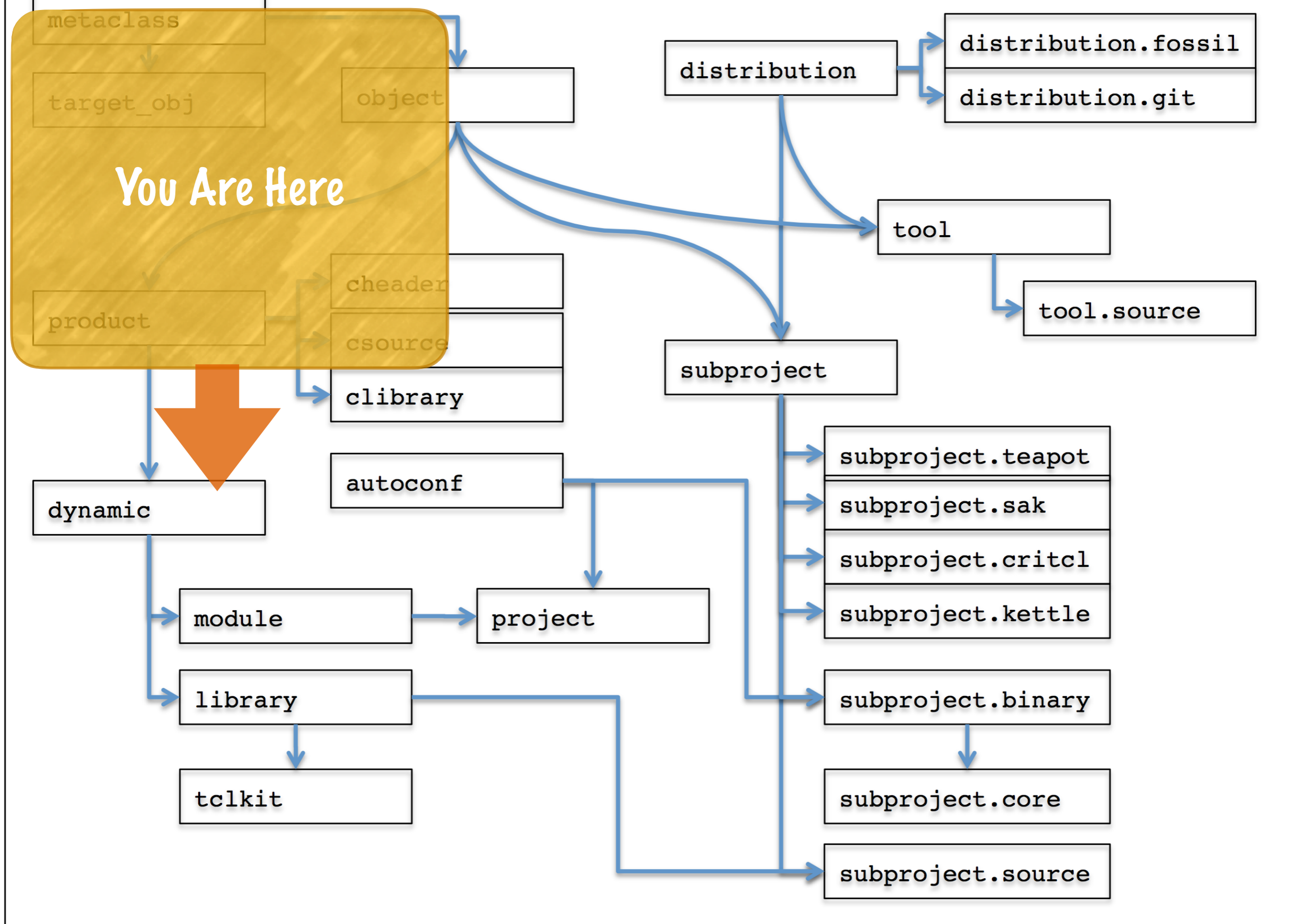
```
my c_function {  
static inline double Vector_GridScaler(  
    double x,  
    double grid,  
    double grain  
)  
}  
    {  
    double q;  
    q=grid*round(x/grid);  
    if((x-q)>grain) {  
        q+=grain;  
    }  
    return q;  
}
```

Raw C Function
Prototype

Raw C Function
Body

I Should Implement Critel,
But With None of the Nice Bits





Practcl Class Hierarchy

Numerical Values

- * Odielib implements a `Obj_Type` to represent matrices and vectors
- * This `Obj_Type` is optimized to perform transformations on 3×1 vectors via 4×4 affine matrices
- * Within the C-API, All Functions Accept a pointer to an array of Doubles

Numerical Values

- * Supports Pass by Reference and Pass by Value

```
##
```

```
# Pass by Value
```

```
##
```

```
set A {1 2 3}
```

```
set B {4 5 6}
```

```
set C [::vectorxyz::add $A $B]
```



```
##  
# Pass by Value  
##  
my c_tclcmd ::vectorxyz::add {  
    VectorXYZ A,B,C;  
    if(objc < 3) {  
        Tcl_WrongNumArgs( interp, 1, objv, "A B" );  
        return TCL_ERROR;  
    }  
    if(  
Odie_GetVectorXYZFromTclObj(interp,objv[1],A)  
    ) return TCL_ERROR;  
    if(  
Odie_GetVectorXYZFromTclObj(interp,objv[2],B)  
    ) return TCL_ERROR;  
    VectorXYZ_Add(C,A,B);  
    Tcl_SetObjResult(interp,VectorXYZ_To_TclObj(C));  
    return TCL_OK;  
}
```

```
##
```

```
# Pass by Reference
```

```
##
```

```
set A {1 2 3}
```

```
set B {4 5 6}
```

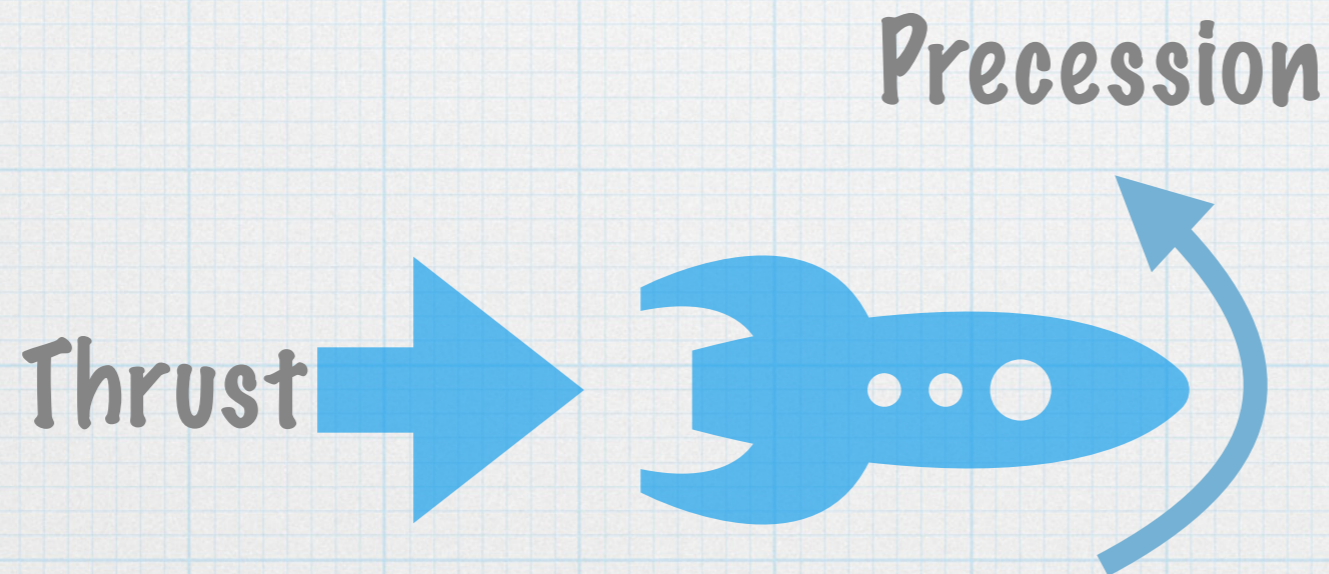
```
::vectorxyz::incr A $B
```

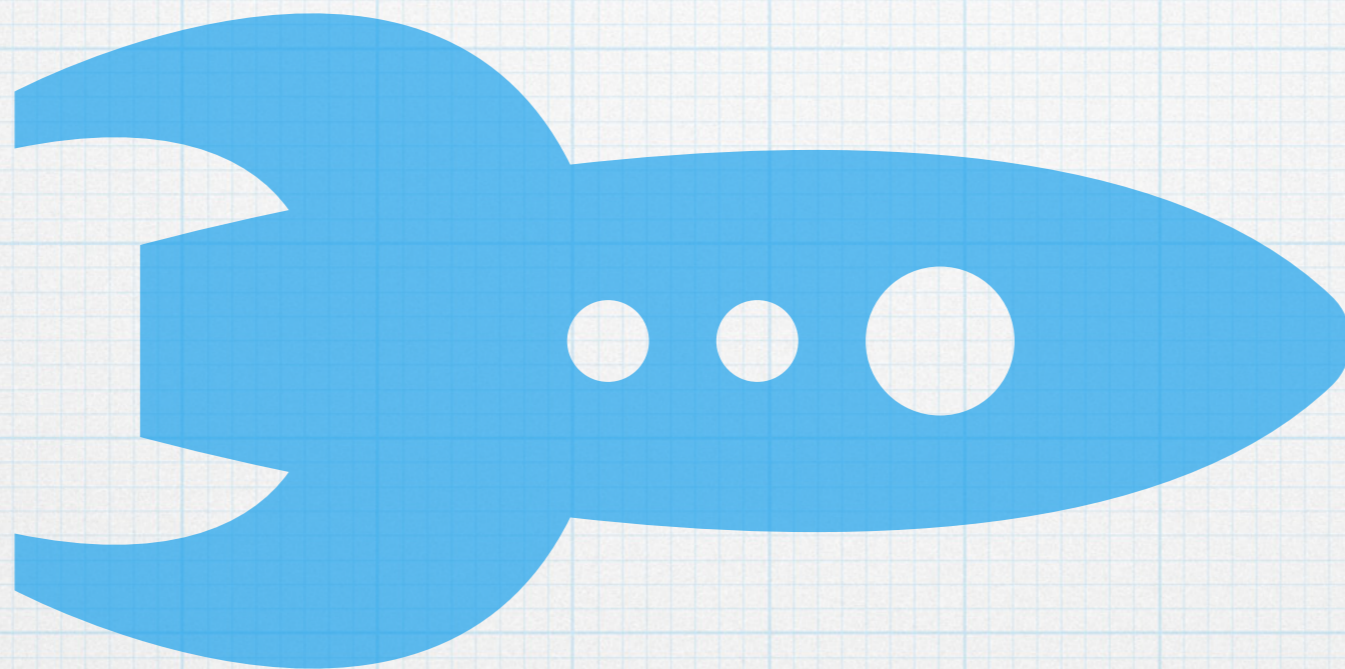
```
##  
# Pass by Reference  
##  
my c_tclcmd ::vectorxyz::incr {  
    Odie_MatrixObj *A;  
    VectorXYZ B;  
    Tcl_Obj *varname;  
    if(objc < 3) {  
        Tcl_WrongNumArgs( interp, 1, objv, "A B" );  
        return TCL_ERROR;  
    }  
    varname=Tcl_ObjGetVar2(interp,objv[1],NULL,0);  
    if(  
Odie_GetMatrixFromTclObj(interp,varname,MATFORM_vectorxyz,&A)  
) return TCL_ERROR;  
    Tcl_ResetResult(interp);  
    if(  
Odie_GetVectorXYZFromTclObj(interp,objv[2],B)  
) return TCL_ERROR;  
    VectorXYZ_Add(A->matrix,A->matrix,B);  
    Tcl_InvalidateStringRep(varname);  
    return TCL_OK;  
}
```

```
# Calculate the location, orientation, thrust, and spin
# of an object in 3d space
set location      [vectorxyz::create {0 0 0}]
set attitude      [affine4x4::identity]
set attitude_delta [affine4x4::rotate_precession 0.9]
set deltap        [vectorxyz::create {1 0 0}]
set velocity      [vectorxyz::create {0 0 0}]

for {set x 0} {$x < 10} {incr x} {
  # Compute one step
  affine4x4::*= attitude $attitude_delta
  set F [vectorxyz::transform $attitude $deltap]
  vectorxyz::+= velocity $F
  vectorxyz::+= location $velocity
  puts [list f: $F x: $location v: $velocity]
}
```

f: {0.62161 0.783327 0} x: {0.62161 0.783327 0} v: {0.62161 0.783327 0}
f: {-0.227202 0.973848 0} x: {1.01602 2.5405 0} v: {0.394408 1.75717 0}
f: {-0.904072 0.42738 0} x: {0.506354 4.72506 0} v: {-0.509664 2.18455 0}
f: {-0.896758 -0.44252 0} x: {-0.900069 6.46709 0} v: {-1.40642 1.74203 0}
f: {-0.210796 -0.97753 0} x: {-2.51729 7.23159 0} v: {-1.61722 0.764504 0}
f: {0.634693 -0.772765 0} x: {-3.49981 7.22333 0} v: {-0.982526 -0.00826063 0}
f: {0.999859 0.0168139 0} x: {-3.48248 7.23189 0} v: {0.017333 0.00855327 0}
f: {0.608351 0.793668 0} x: {-2.8568 8.03411 0} v: {0.625684 0.802221 0}
f: {-0.243544 0.96989 0} x: {-2.47466 9.80622 0} v: {0.38214 1.77211 0}
f: {-0.91113 0.412118 0} x: {-3.00365 11.9904 0} v: {-0.52899 2.18423 0}





Geometry Operations

- * Convex Decomposition of Polygons
- * Synthesizing Polygons from Vectors
- * Decomposing Polygons into Line Segments
- * Set Operations on Polygons

Raw Shapes

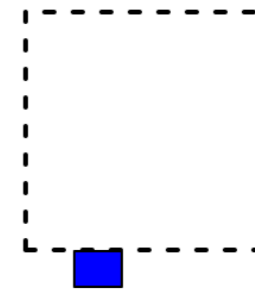
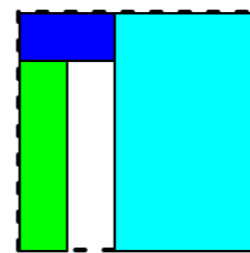
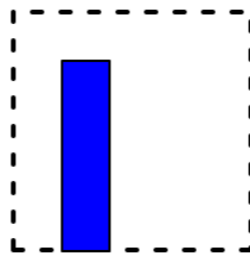
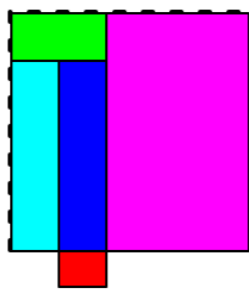
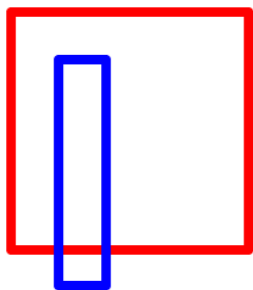
Union

Intersection

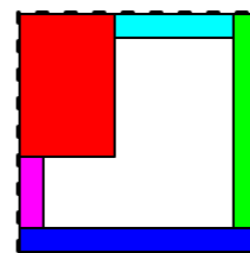
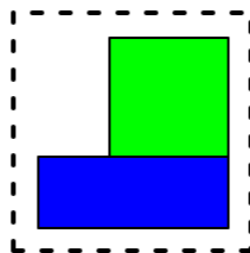
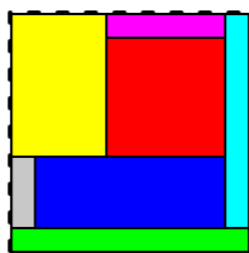
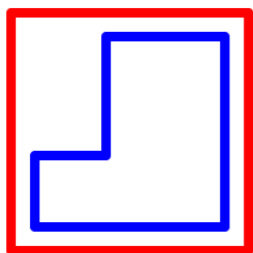
A - B

B - A

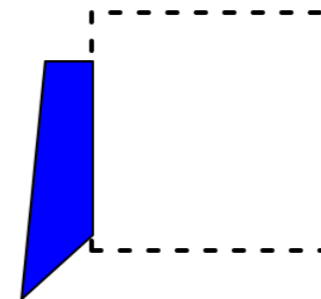
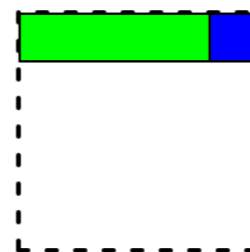
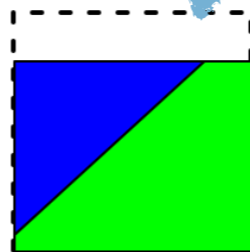
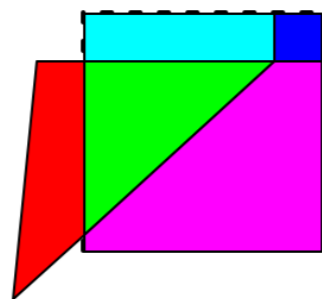
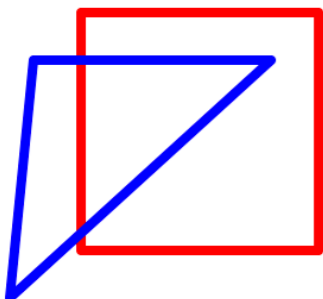
A - O



A - P



A - Q



Bad Case:
Bug in polygon::within

I Should Put an Obvious Flaw In
My Demonstration...



Future Direction

- * Develop a more coherent standard for namespaces
 - * Ex: affine::4x4::multiply
- * Allow modules to be written in Critcl notation
- * Adapt visual tests to standard regression tests

Comparison to Vectcl

- * Vectcl is an expression engine.
- * Odielib is designed to perform batch operations
- * Odielib Doesn't Need Patches to the Core
- * Vectcl Allows arbitrary dimensions
- * Odielib is currently limited to a 4x4 matrix.

Where to Get it

Fossil Repo:

<http://fossil.etoyoc.com/fossil/odielib>

Contact:

Sean Woods

yoda@etoyoc.com